

# Workshop TWEET

Aula Beltrami, Politecnico di Milano, 5 June 2023

## Ferroelectric switching of spin-to-charge conversion for ultralow power spintronics

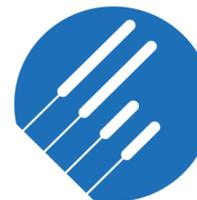
Federico Fagiani, Luca Nessi, Giovanni Gandini, Riccardo Bertacco, Matteo Cantoni

& Christian Rinaldi

Department of Physics, Politecnico di Milano, Milan, Italy



**POLITECNICO**  
MILANO 1863

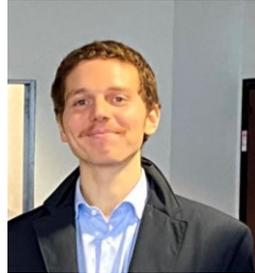


**polifab**  
POLITECNICO DI MILANO

# Spin-based electronics in Polifab



**C. Rinaldi**  
Associate Professor



**F. Fagiani**  
Ph.D. student



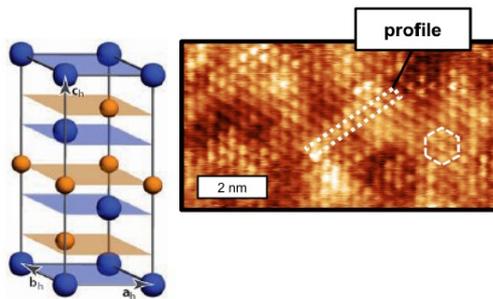
**G. Gandini**  
Ph.D. student



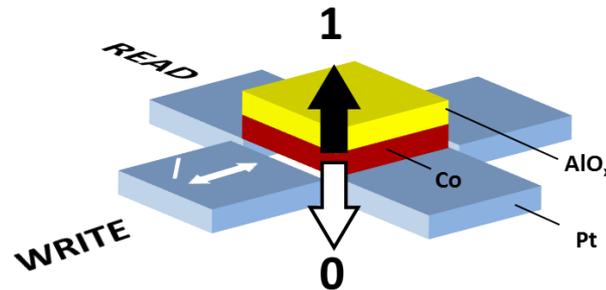
**M. Cantoni**  
Associate Professor



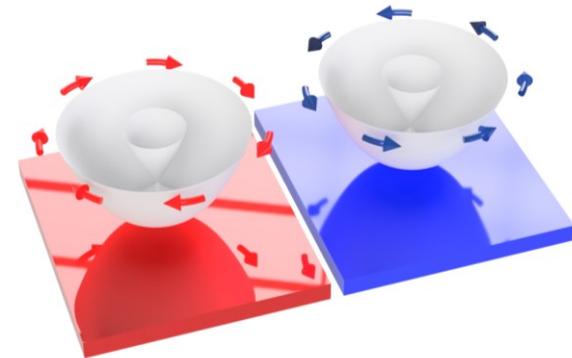
**R. Bertacco**  
Full professor



**Growth of magnetic and ferroelectric materials**



**Magnetization switching for magnetic memories**



**Rashba semiconductors for spin-based computing**

# Some credits

## POLITECNICO DI MILANO (MILAN)



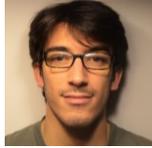
*C. Rinaldi*



*R. Bertacco*



*M. Cantoni*



*L. Nessi*



*D. Petti*



*E. Albisetti*



*F. Fagiani*

Project **ECOS** - *Electric Control Of Spin transport*



PRIN **TWEET** (2019-2022)  
2017YCTB59



## CNR (CHIETI & ROMA)



*S. Picozzi*



*R. Calarco*

## PAUL DRUDE INSTITUTE (BERLIN)



*S. Cecchi*

## UNIVERSITY OF NORTH TEXAS (DENTON)



*M. Buongiorno  
Nardelli*



## CEA, CNRS (GRENOBLE)



*L. Vila*

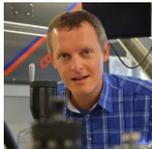


*J.-P. Attane*



*P. Noel*

## UNITE MIXTE DE PHYSIQUE, CNRS (THALES)



*M. Bibes*



*S. Varotto*

## UNIVERSITY OF GRONINGEN

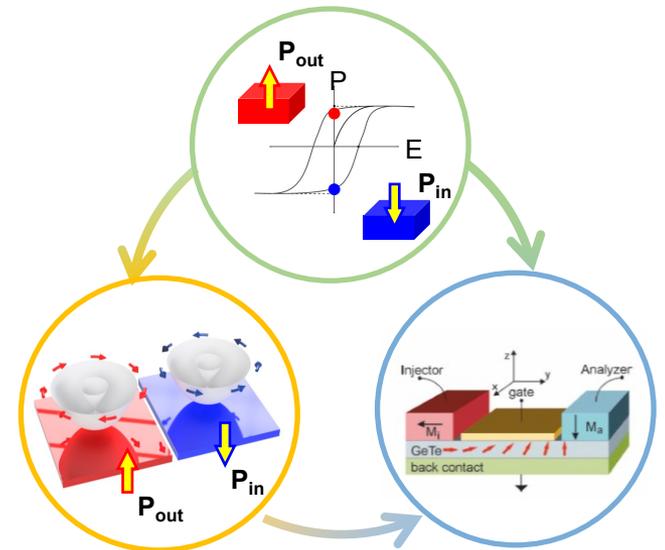


*J. Sławińska*



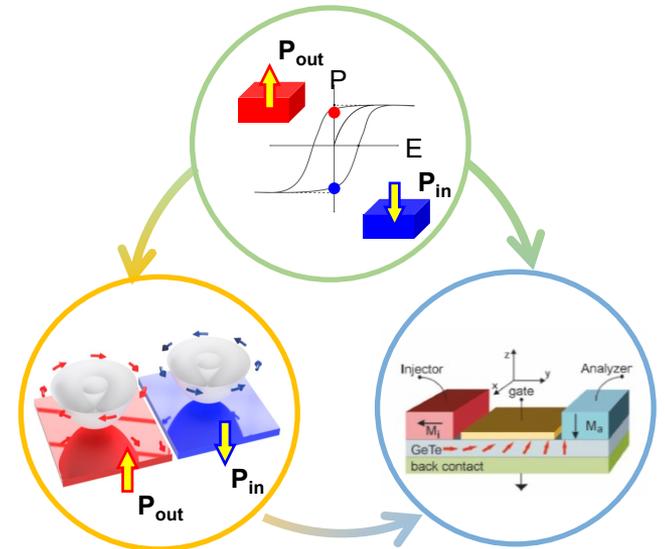
# Outline

- General aim
- Ferroelectric Rashba semiconductors
  - I. Rashba effect in GeTe
  - II. Gating of ferroelectricity in the semiconductor GeTe
  - III. Spin-charge interconversion in GeTe
- Materials engineering
- Conclusions and perspectives

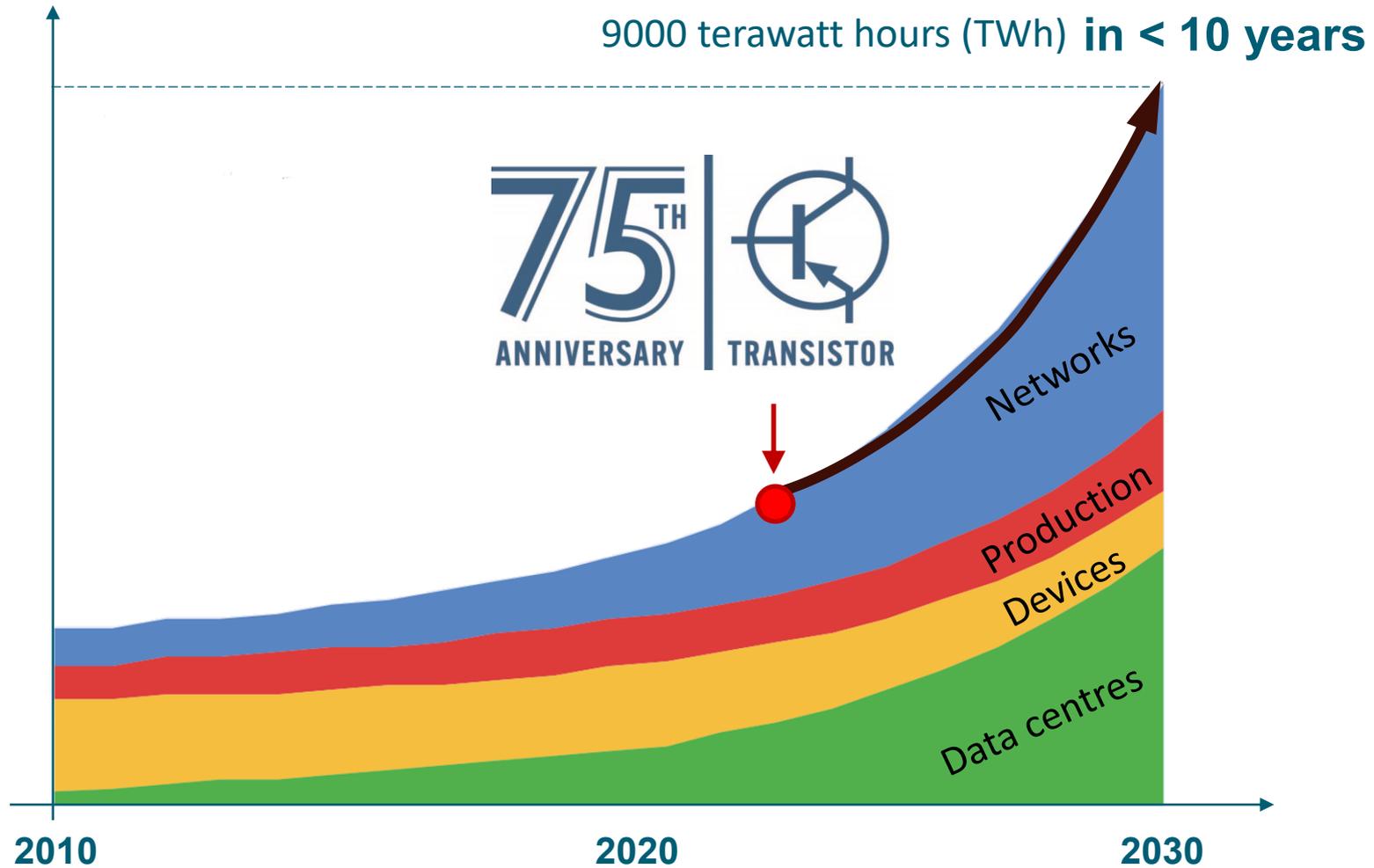


# Outline

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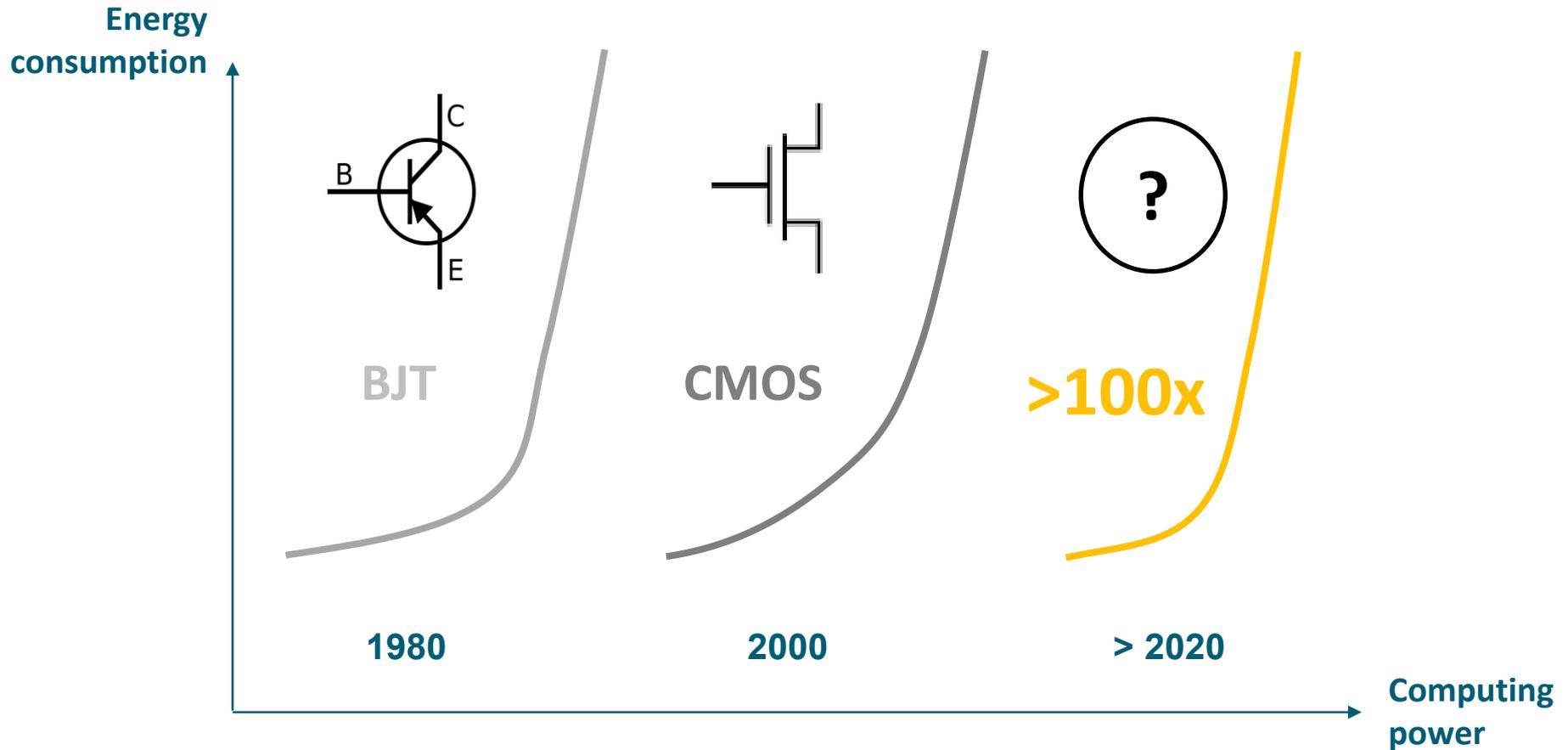
# Beyond the transistor: why and when?



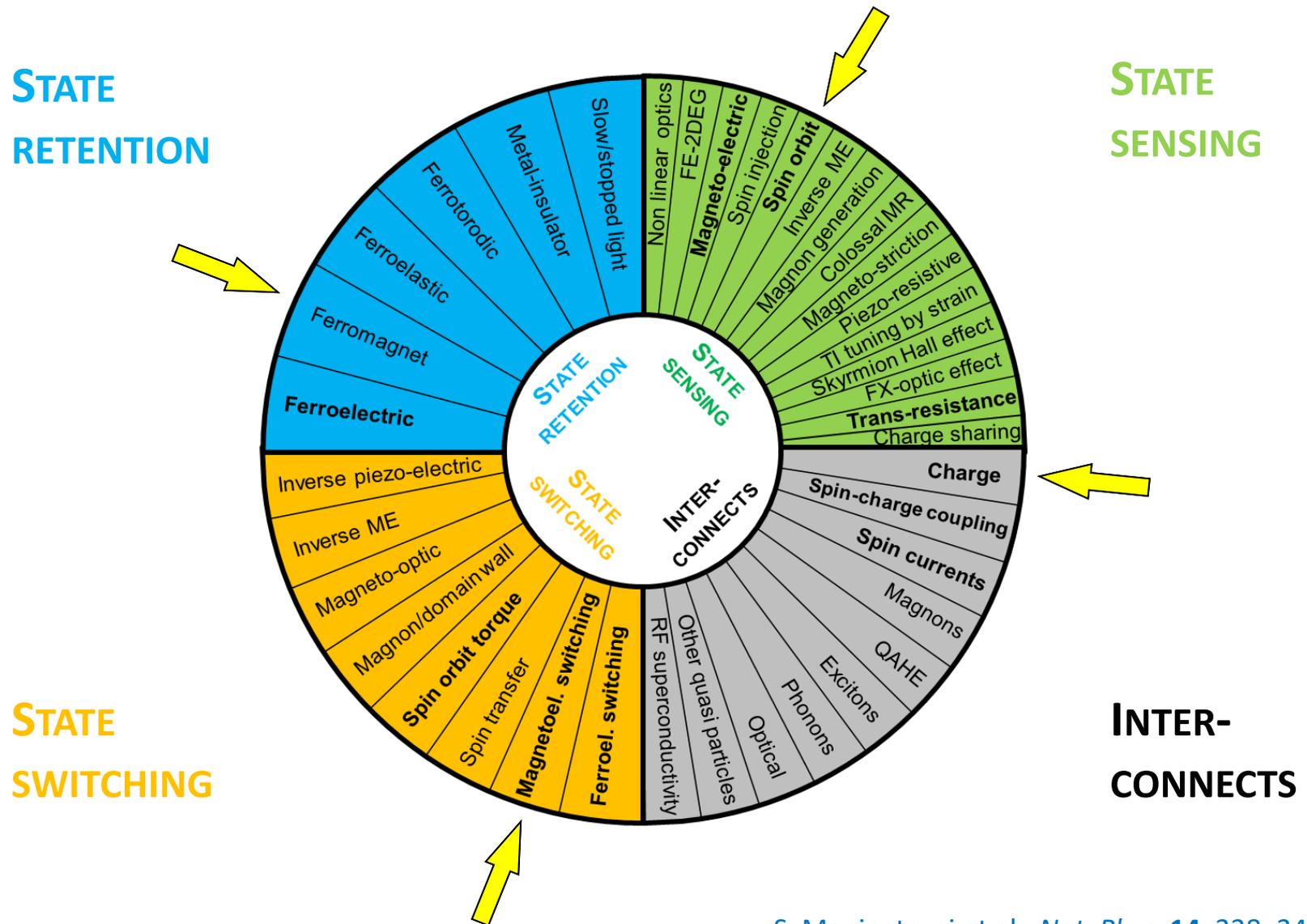
N. Jones, The information factories, Nature 561, 163 (2018)

<https://eds.ieee.org/about-eds/75th-anniversary-of-the-transistor>

# A new physical substrate is needed



# Pathways to quantum materials storage and computing devices

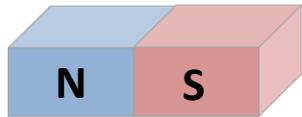


S. Manipatruni et al., *Nat. Phys.* **14**, 338–343 (2018)



# State retention and state switching with collective order parameters

## Ferromagnetism

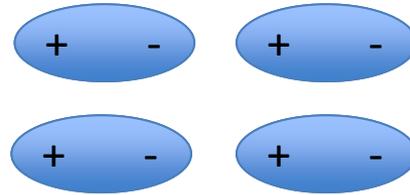


Order parameter:

Magnetic moment

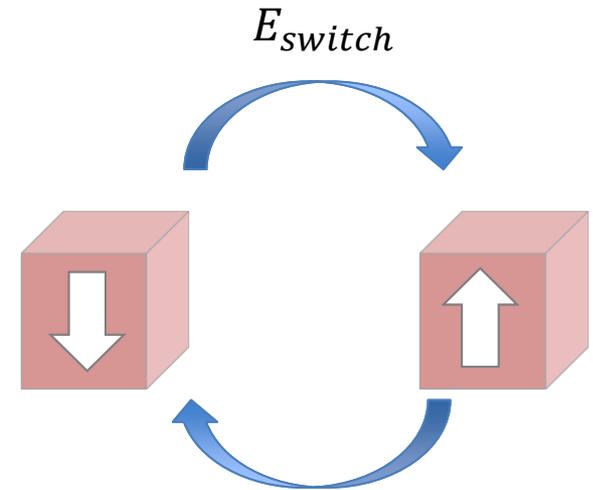
$$E = I_{STT} V_d t_{STT} = 10 \text{ fJ}$$

## Ferroelectricity



Dipole moment

$$E = 2PV_C = 1 \text{ aJ}$$

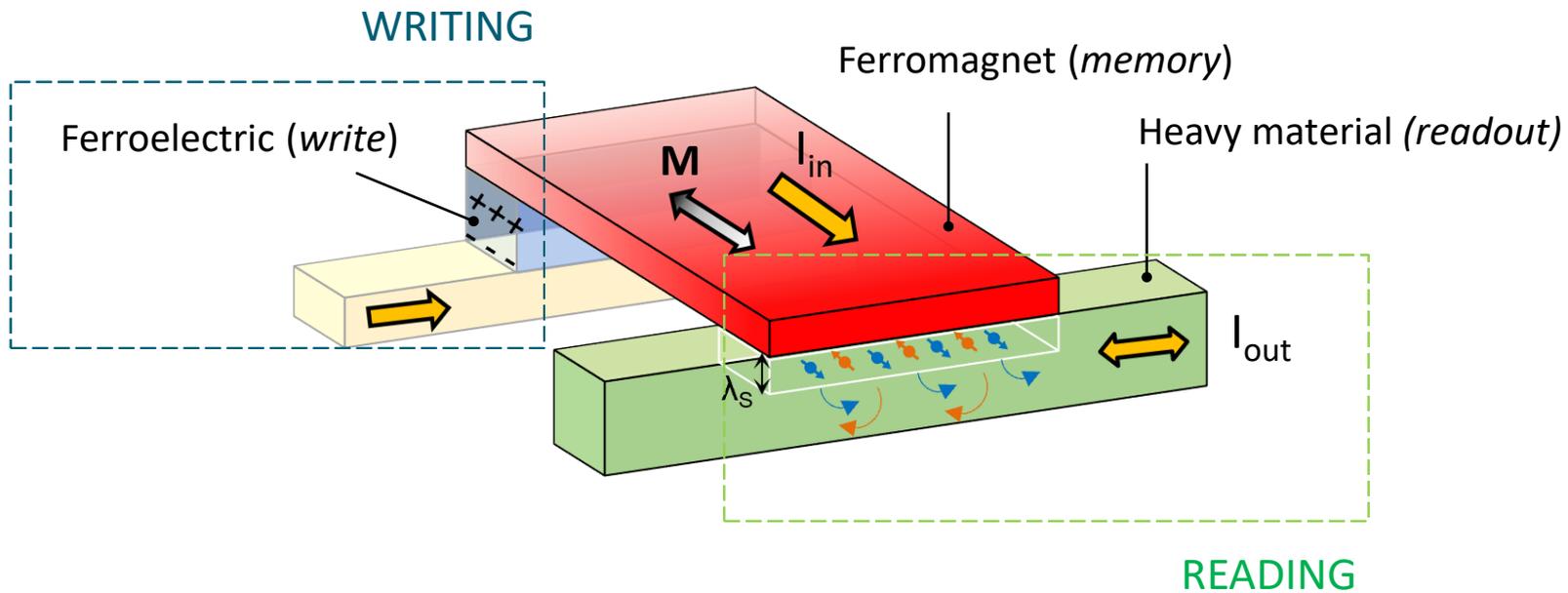


$$\lambda = \frac{E_{switch}}{E(\Theta)} = 2 \text{ (FE)}; > 1000 \text{ (STT)}$$

The ratio of the switching energy to the barrier height is optimal for ferro-electrics

S. Manipatruni *et al.*, Beyond CMOS computing with spin and polarization, Nature Physics **14**, 338 (2018)

# Magneto-electric spin-orbit device (MESO)



> 30x  
vs CMOS

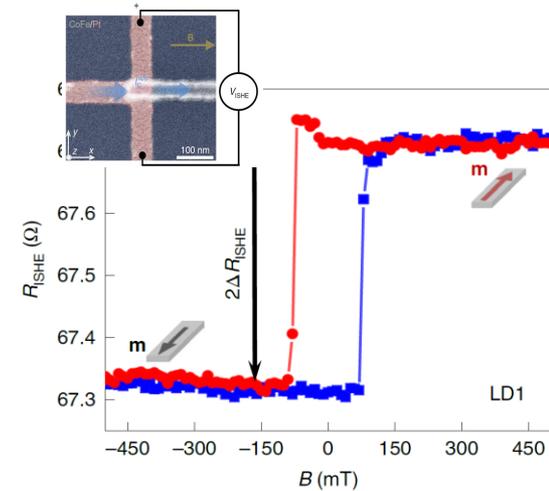
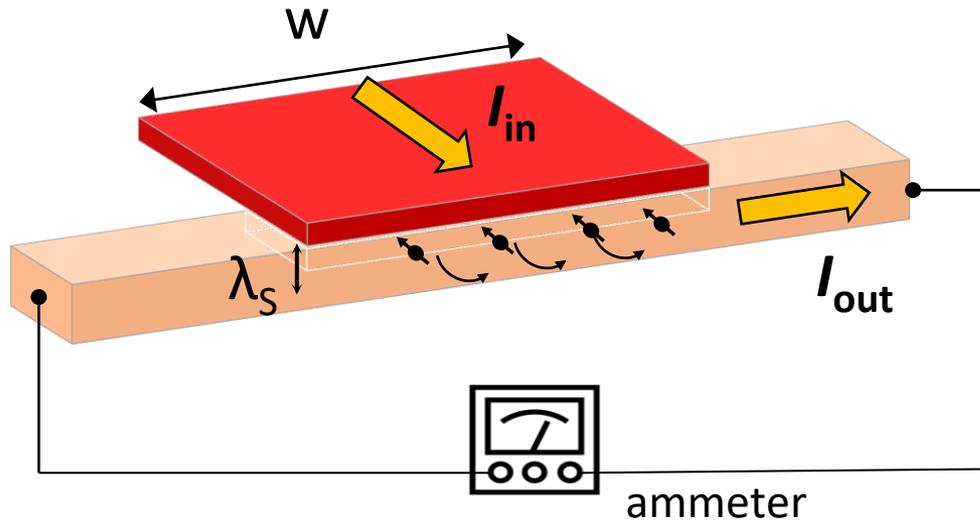


- ✓ Non-volatile
- ✓ Atto-joule regime
- ✓ The smaller the better

S. Manipatruni *et al.*, Nature, 565, 35-42 (2019)



# Read-out efficiency



V.T. Pham *et al.*  
Nature Electronics 3.6, 309-315 (2020)

$$\eta = \frac{I_{out}}{I_{in}} = \frac{\lambda_{eff}}{W_{FM}}$$

0.1% in CoFeB/Pt (SHE)

## Alternative materials

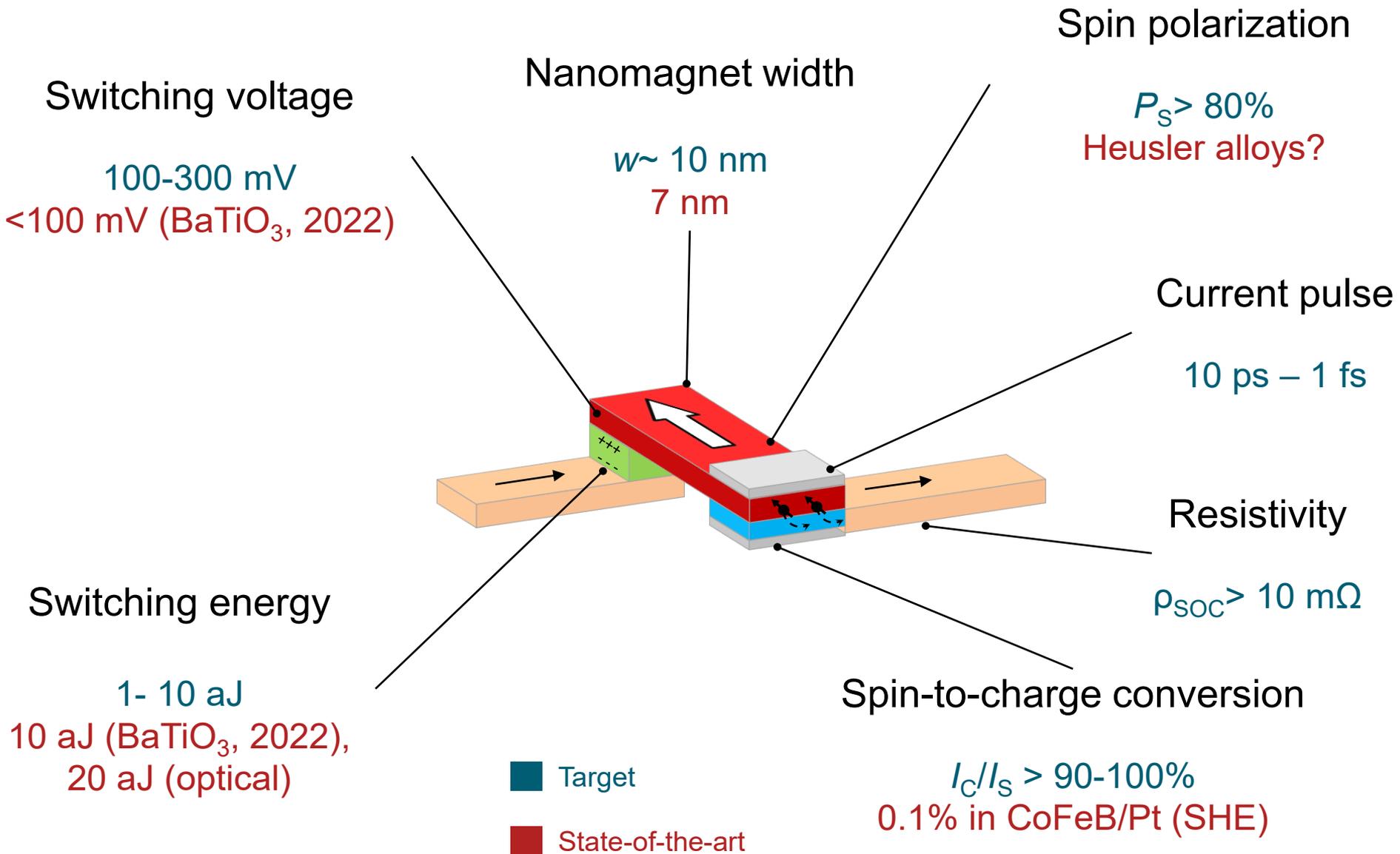
2DEG, 2D materials, topological materials, etc.

$$\lambda_{eff} > 10 - 15 \text{ nm}$$

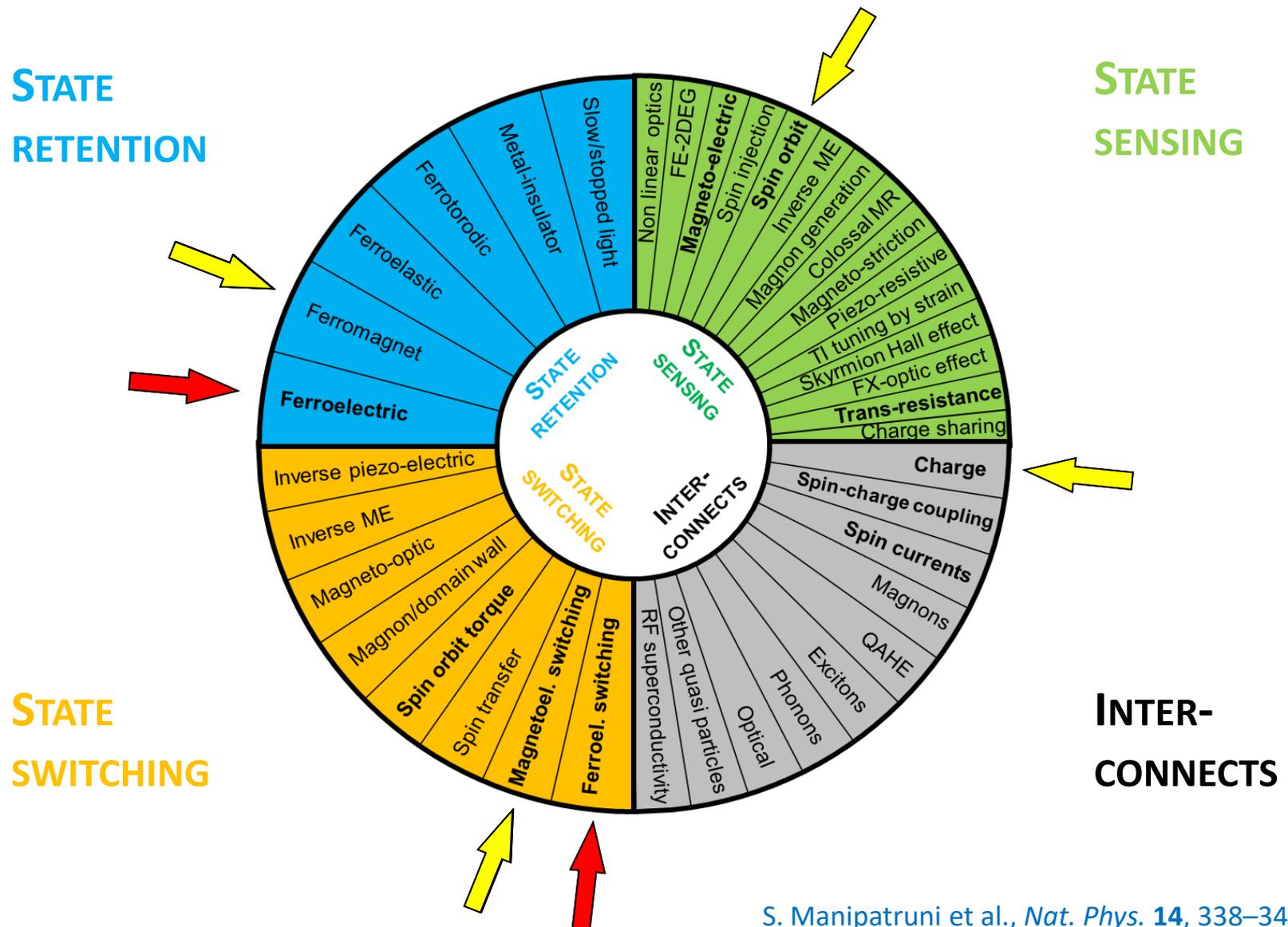
## Scaling of the device dimensions

$$W_{FM} \approx \text{tens of nm}$$

# Relevant numbers for MESO logic ( $T > 420$ K)



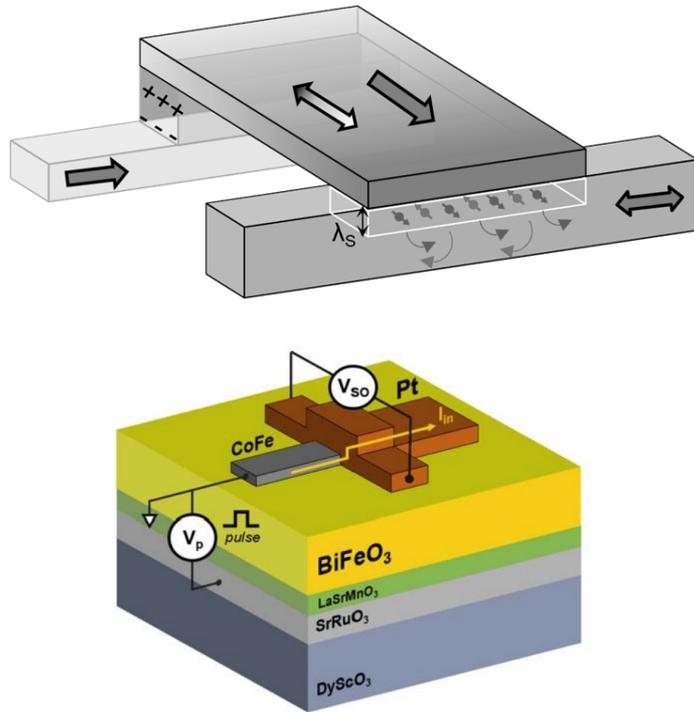
# Exploring other solutions



S. Manipatruni et al., *Nat. Phys.* **14**, 338–343 (2018)

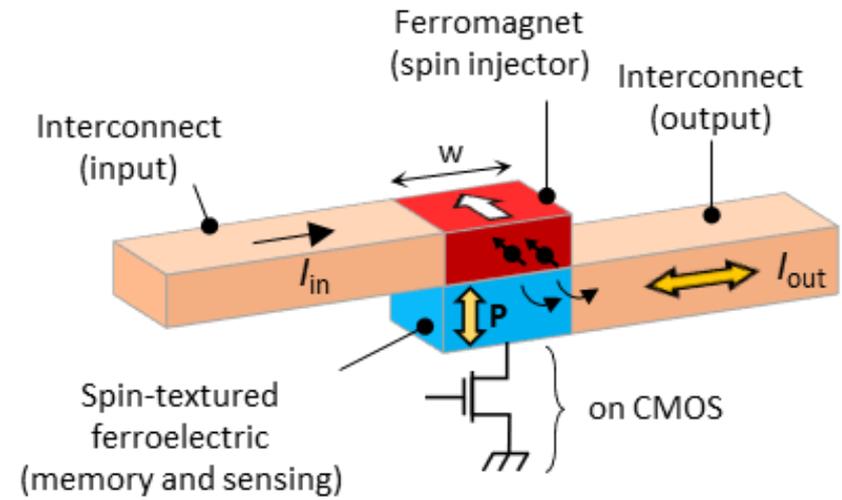
# State-of-art

## Magneto-electric spin-orbit logic



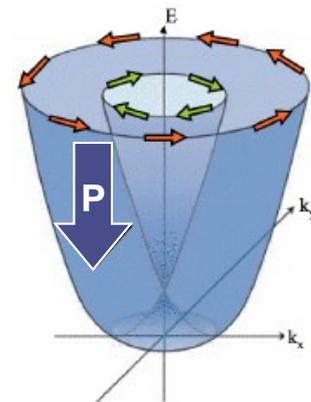
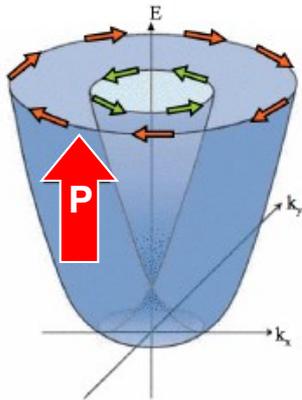
D. C. Vaz, F. Casanova *et al.*,  
arXiv:2302.12162 (2023)

## Ferro-electric spin-orbit logic



S. Varotto, C. Rinaldi *et al.*,  
Nature Electronics **4**, 740–747  
(2021)

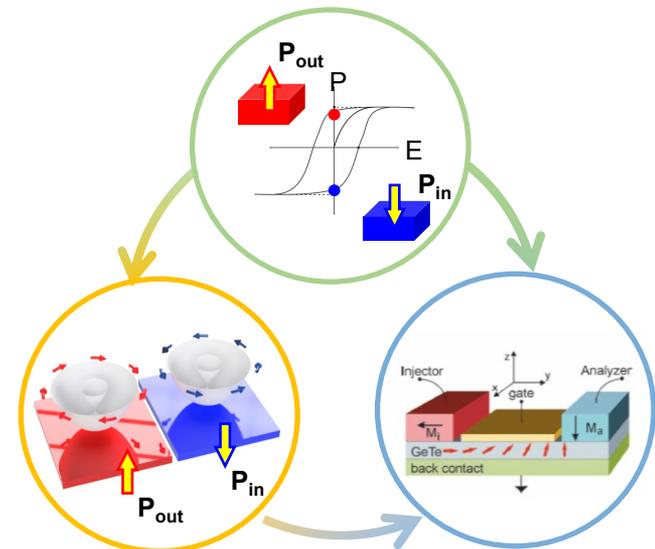
# Roberto Carlos, French – Brazil 1997



# Outline

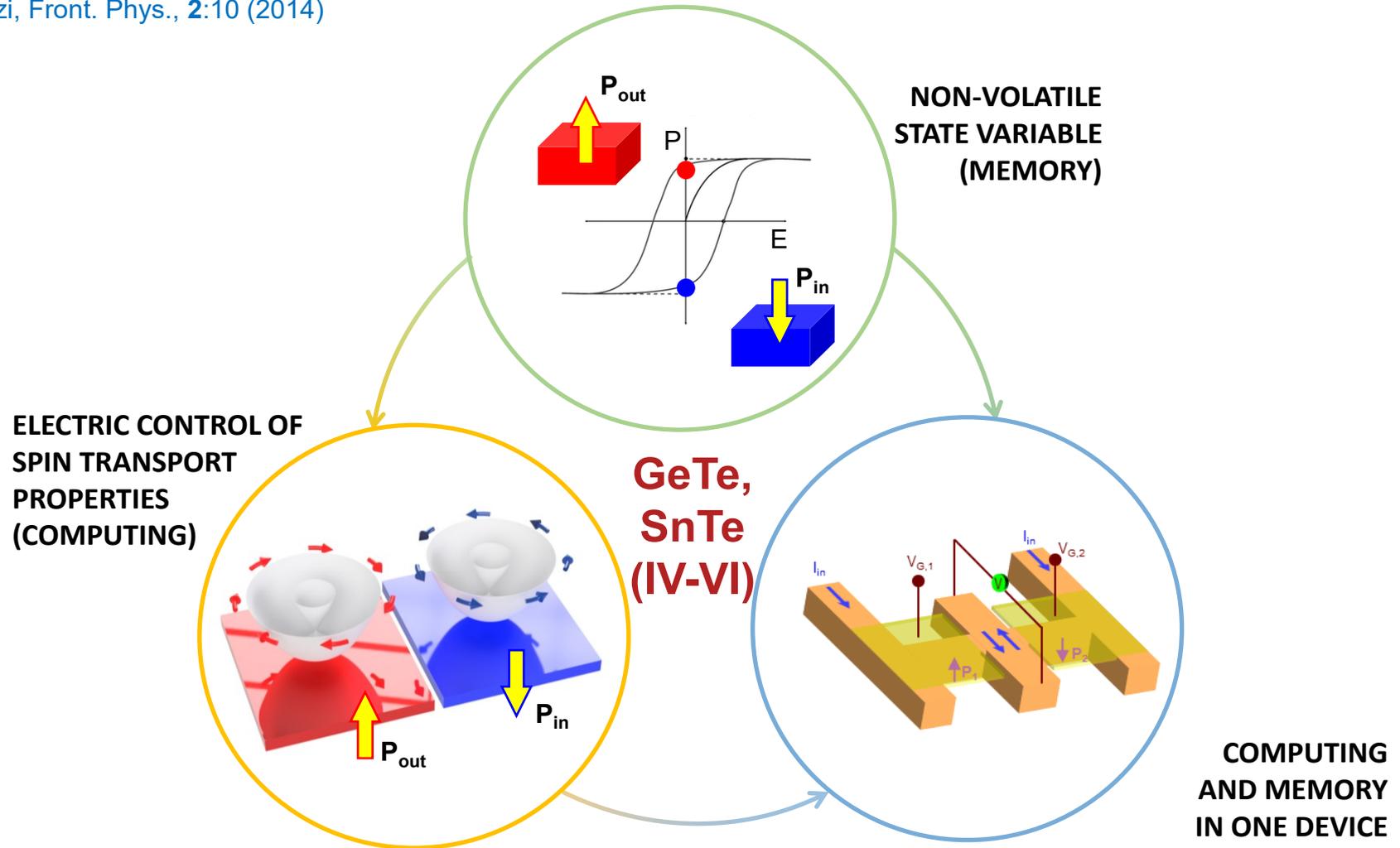
- General aim
- **Ferroelectric Rashba semiconductors**
  - I. **Rashba effect in GeTe**
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- Materials engineering
- Conclusions and perspectives



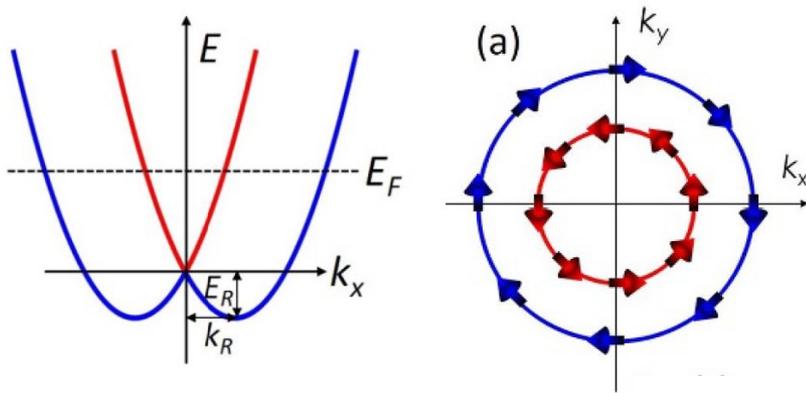
# FERroelectric Rashba SemiConductors (FERSC)

D. Di Sante *et al.*, *Adv. Mater.* **25**, 509 (2013)  
 S. Picozzi, *Front. Phys.*, **2**:10 (2014)



# Rashba physics in ferroelectrics

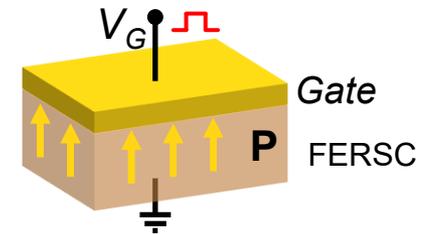
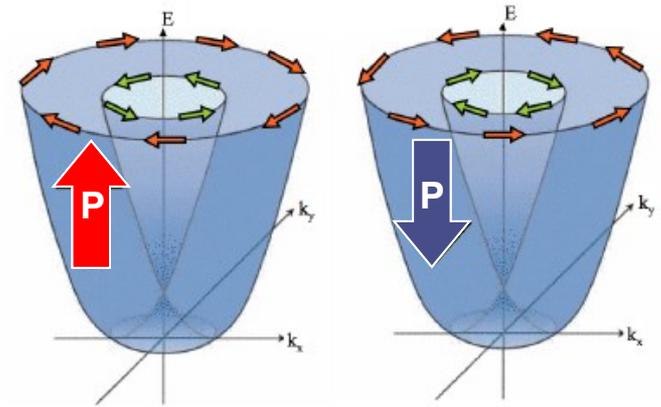
## Rashba splitting and spin-momentum locking



$$H_{SO} = \frac{\hbar}{4m^2c^2} (\nabla V \times \mathbf{p}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}$$

L. L. Tao and E. Y. Tsybal, *J. Phys. D* 54, 113001 (2021)  
 A. Manchon et al., *Nature Materials* 14, 871 (2015)

## Non-volatile Rashba SOC in FERSC

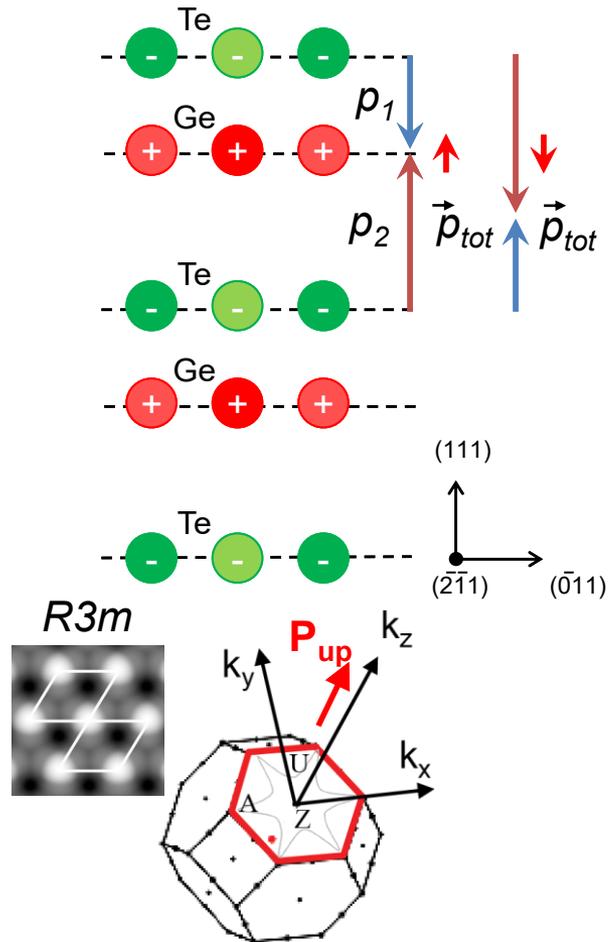


D. Di Sante et al., *Adv. Mater.* 25, 509 (2013)

Ferroelectric control of the spin transport in ferroelectric Rashba semiconductors

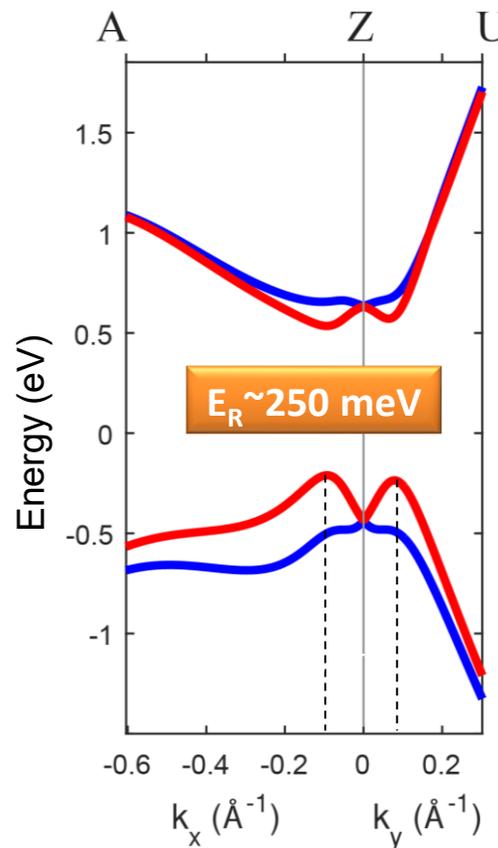
# Germanium Telluride as FERSC

FERROELECTRICITY



Kobolov *et al.*, APL Materials 2, 066101 (2014).

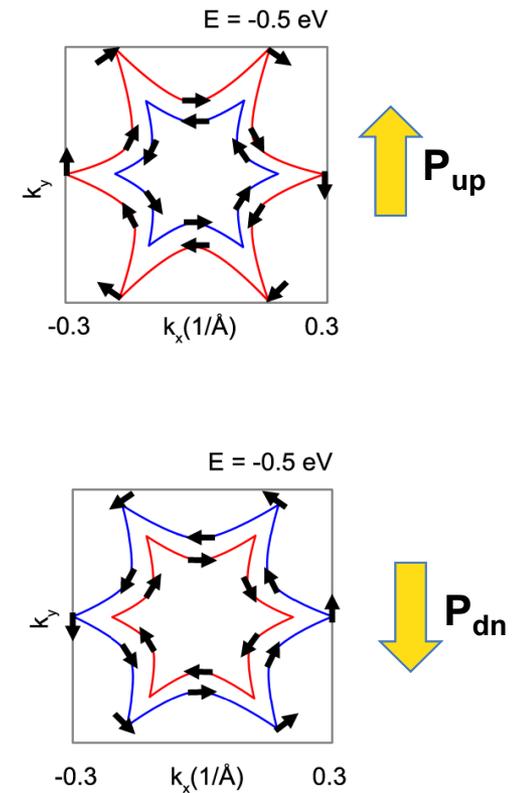
GIANT RASHBA



D. Di Sante, *et al.*, Adv. Mat. 25, 509-513 (2013).

SPIN TEXTURE

Polarization dependent spin texture

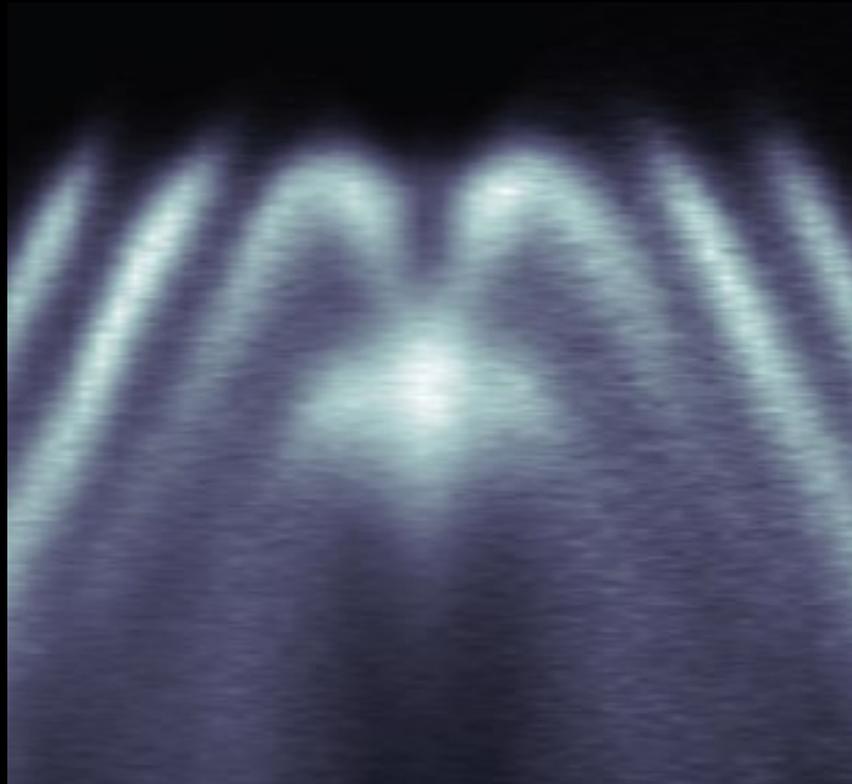


S. Varotto *et al.*, Nano Letters 18, 2751 (2018).



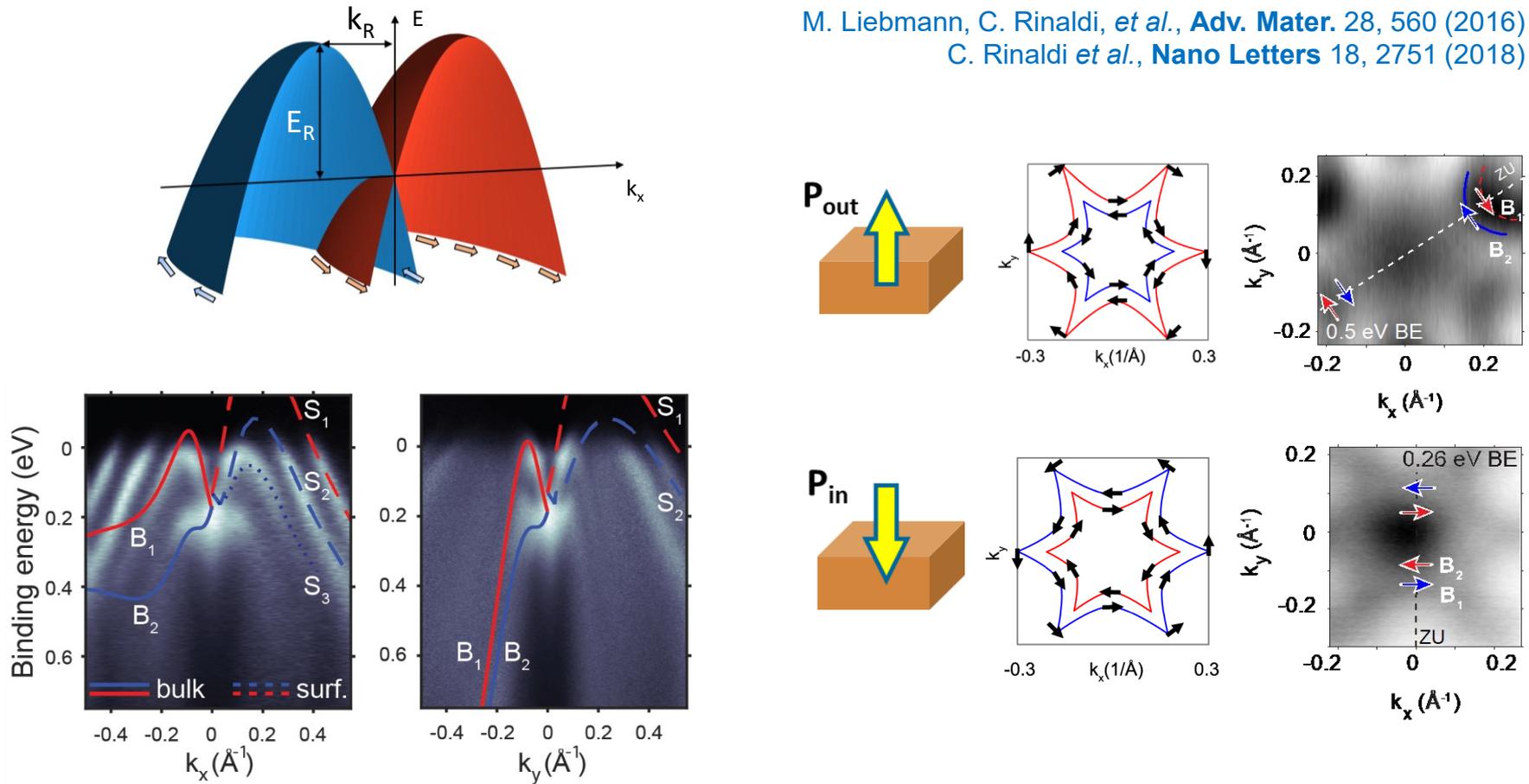
**How to look at the band structure for two opposite ferroelectric polarizations?**

**Spin and Angular Resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy  
(SARPES)**



# Interplay between ferroelectricity and Rashba spin texture

M. Liebmann, C. Rinaldi, *et al.*, *Adv. Mater.* 28, 560 (2016)  
C. Rinaldi *et al.*, *Nano Letters* 18, 2751 (2018)

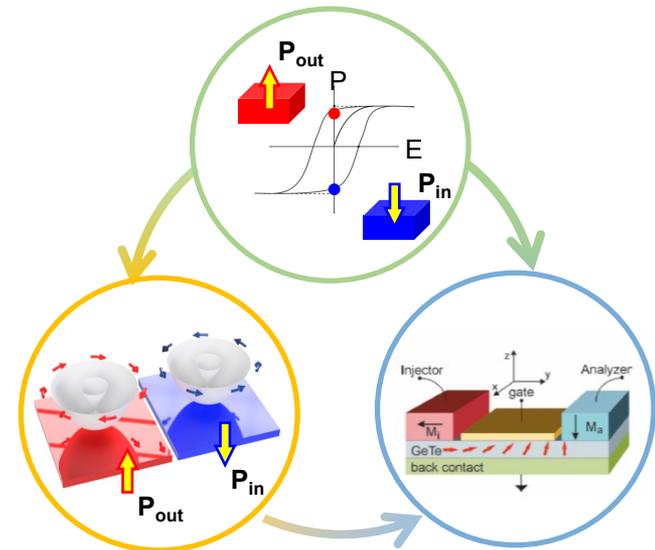


Opposite ferroelectric polarizations corresponds to opposite spin circulation

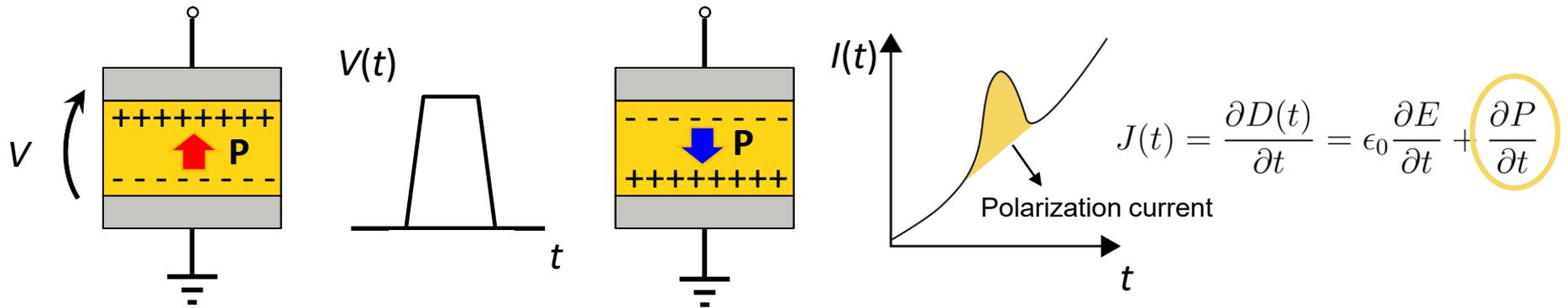
# Outline

- General aim
- **Ferroelectric Rashba semiconductors**
  - I. Rashba effect in GeTe
  - II. Gating of ferroelectricity in the semiconductor GeTe**
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- Conclusions and perspectives

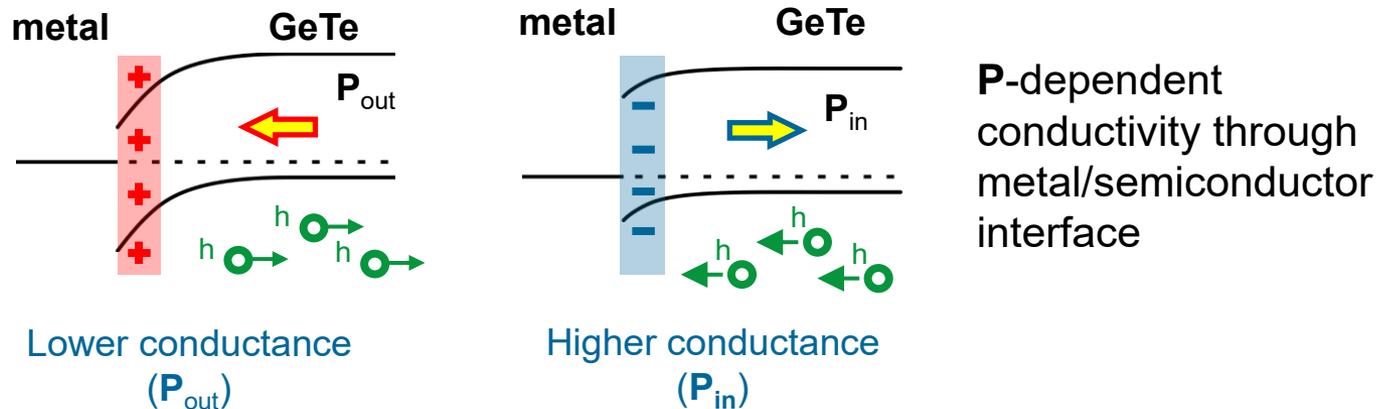


# Gating of ferroelectric semiconductors



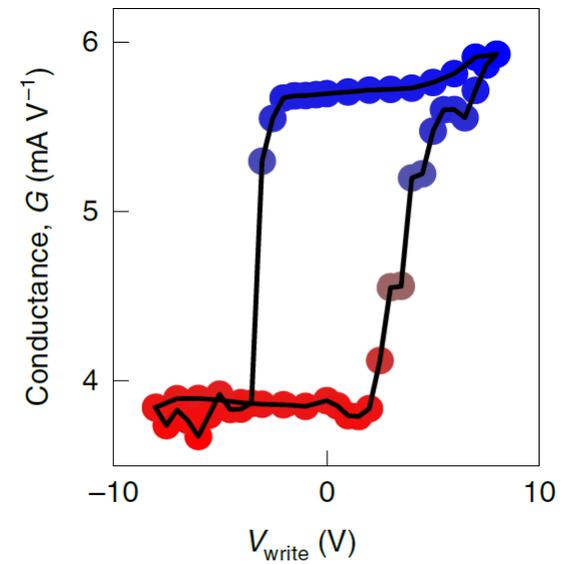
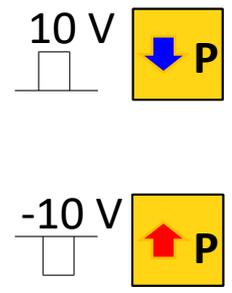
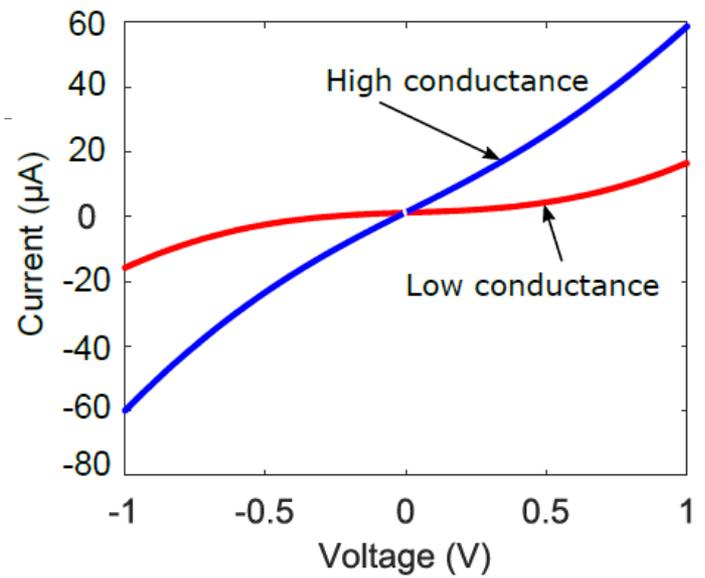
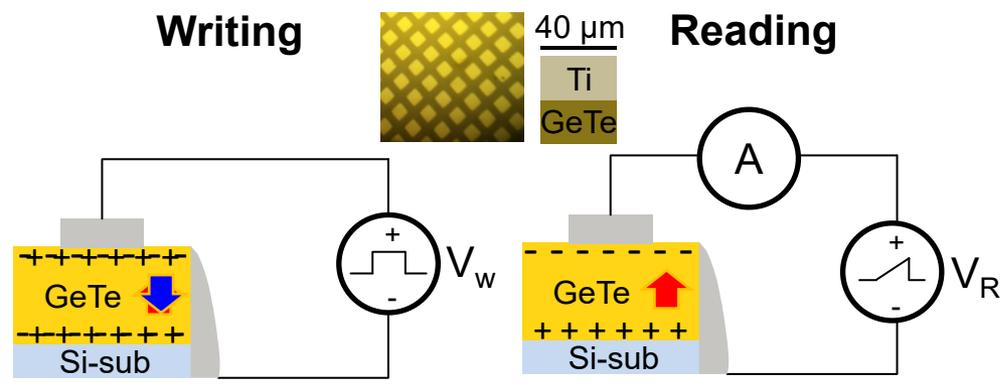
Scott, J. F. *et al.*, *J. Appl. Phys.* 64, 787–792 (1988)

## Ferroelectric control of charge transport



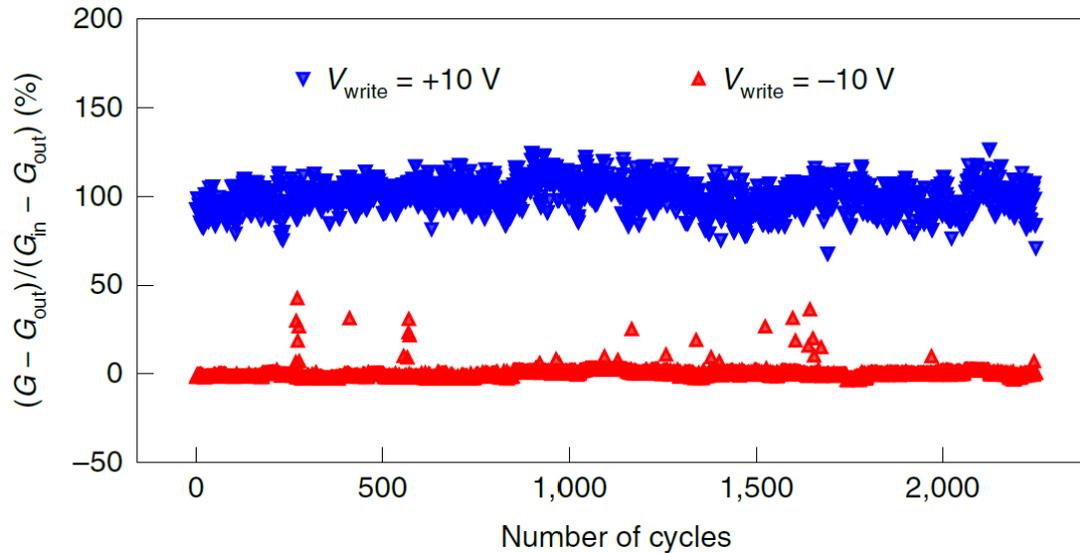
P. W. M. Blom *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 73, 2107 (1994)

# Polarization-dependent resistance of metal/GeTe junctions

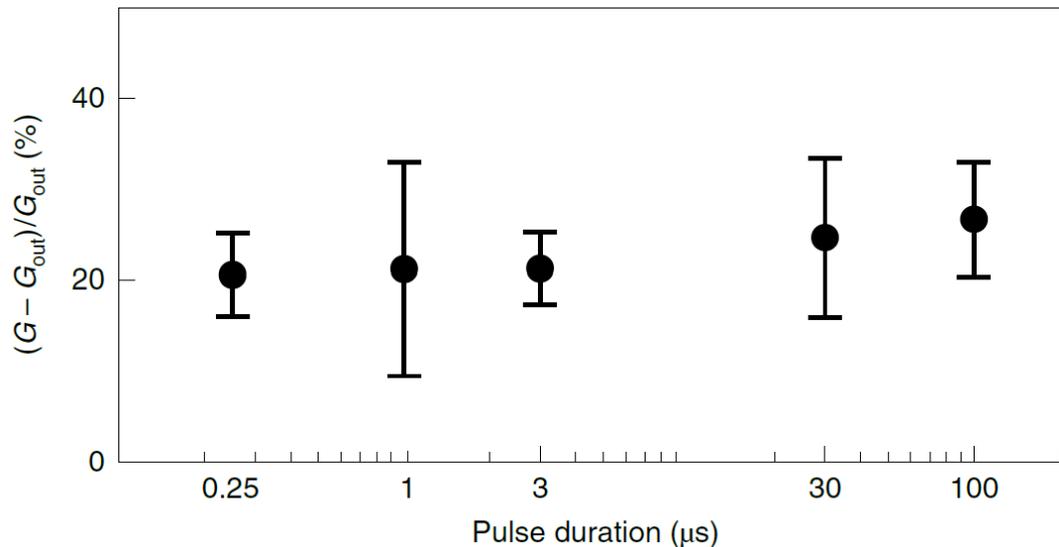


S. Varotto, CR et al., Nature Electronics 4, 740–747 (2021)

# Electrical gating: endurance and switching time

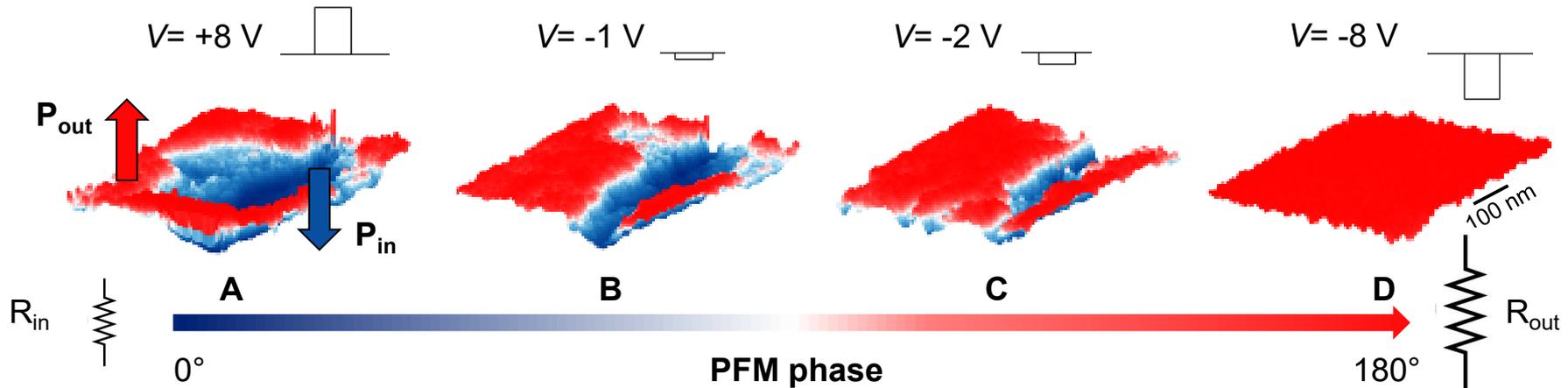
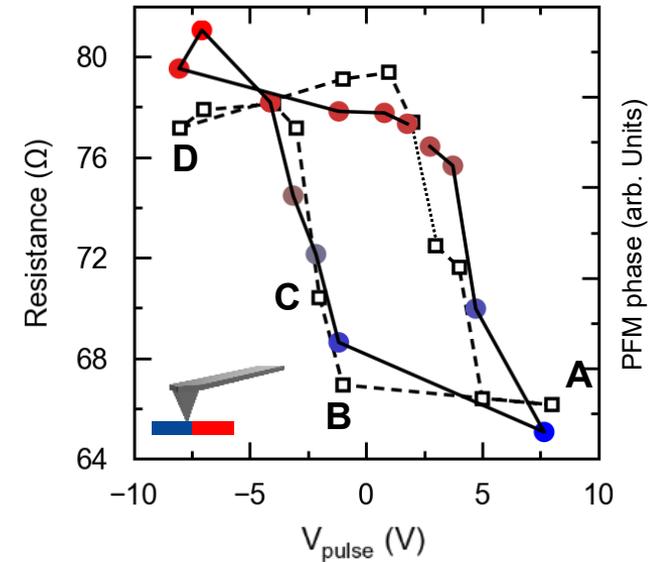
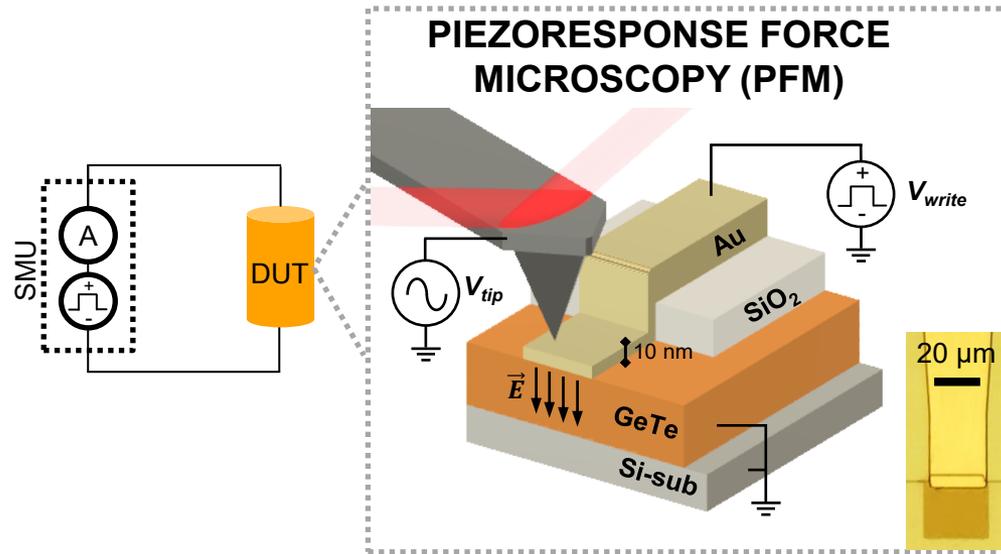


**ENDURANCE**  
up to  $10^5$  cycles



**FAST SWITCHING**  
definitively  $< 250 \text{ ns}$

# Correlation of resistivity and ferroelectric state

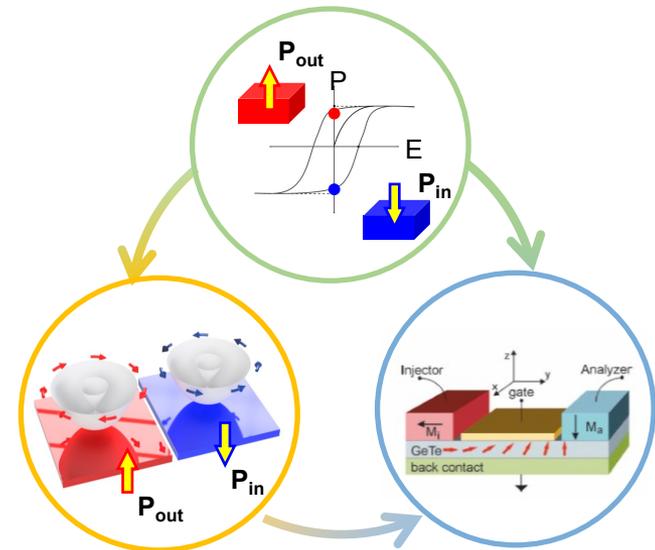


The polarization of epitaxial GeTe films can be reversed by electrical gating

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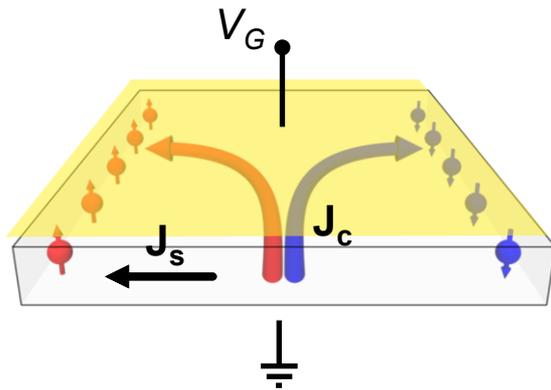
- Materials engineering
- Conclusions and perspectives



# Ferroelectric control of spin-to-charge

## Spin Hall effect (bulk effect)

S. Murakami *et al.*, Science 301, 1348 (2003)  
A. Manchon *et al.*, Nature Mater. 14, 871 (2015)



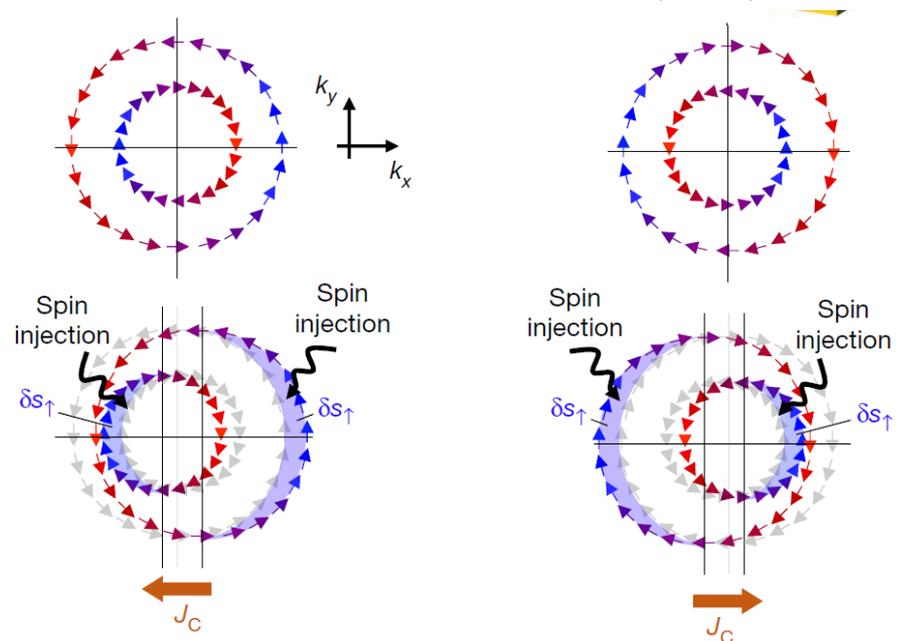
$\mathbf{P}$  acts on the bulk band structure

$$\mathbf{J}_S = \underbrace{\vartheta_{SHE}(\mathbf{P})}_{\text{Spin-Hall angle}} \frac{2e}{\hbar} (\boldsymbol{\sigma} \times \mathbf{J}_C)$$

Spin-Hall angle

## Rashba-Edelstein effect (*usually* interfacial)

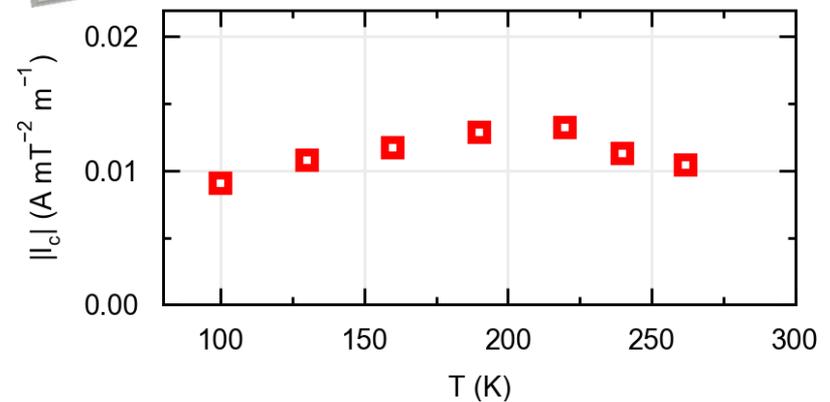
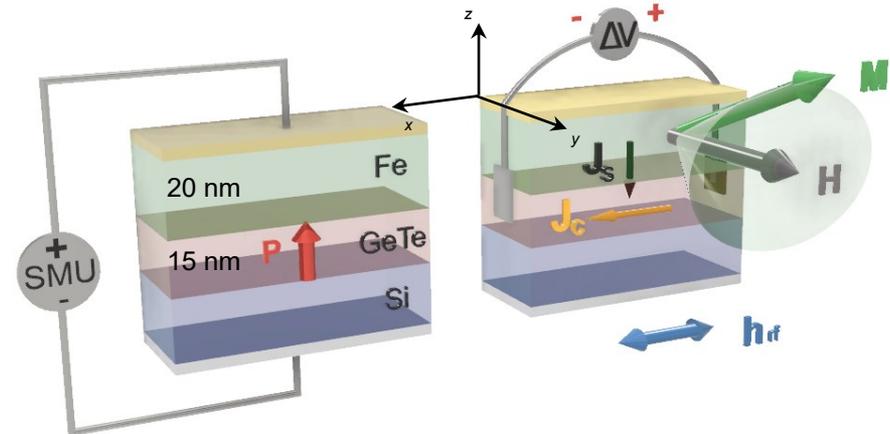
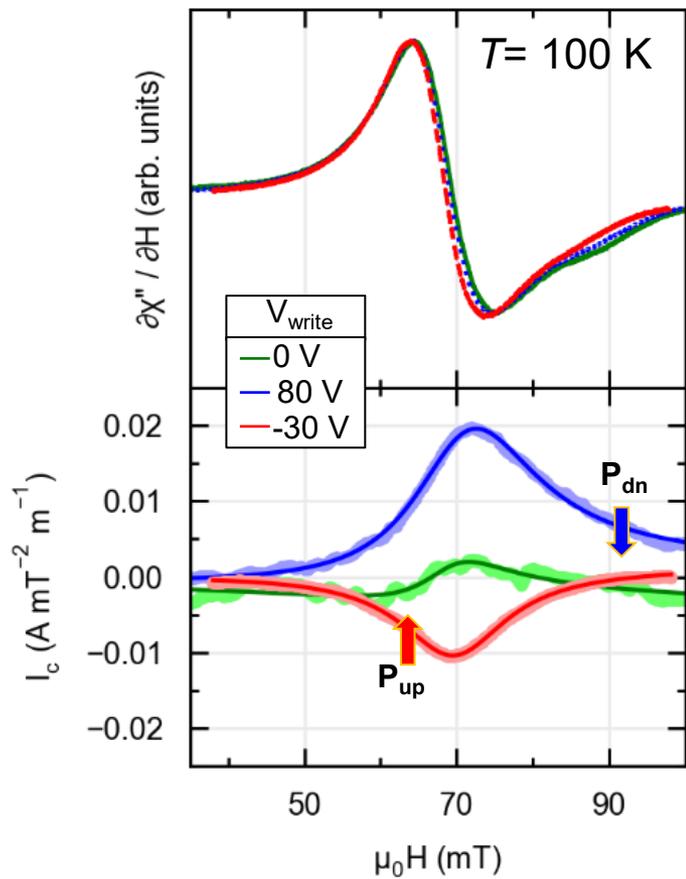
P. Noël *et al.*, Nature 580, 483 (2020)



The chirality of Rashba bands naturally reverses with  $\mathbf{P}$

$$\lambda_{IREE} = \frac{j_C^{2D}}{j_S^{3D}} = \frac{\alpha_R \tau}{\hbar}$$

# Ferroelectric control of spin-charge conversion



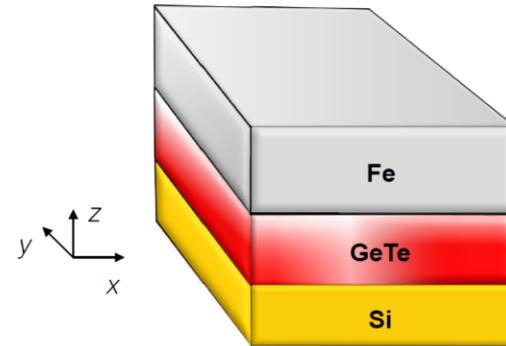
S. Varotto, CR *et al.*, Nature Electronics 4, 740–747 (2021)

The polarization reversal switches the sign of the spin-to-charge conversion

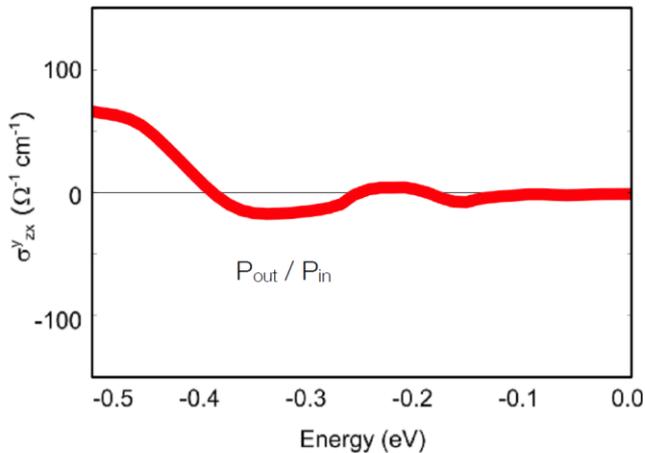
# Charge-to-spin conversion in bulk GeTe

Bulk results are the same for  $P_{\text{out}}$  and  $P_{\text{in}}$

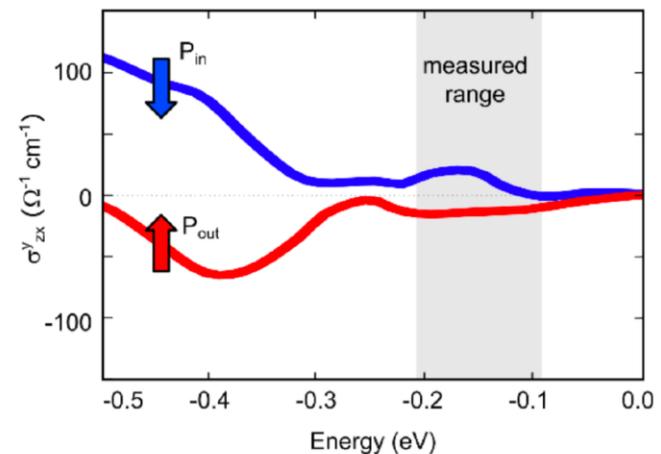
Using a slab is more realistic but we cannot have currents flowing through the vacuum.  
In experiments  $\sigma^{yz}$  is measured.



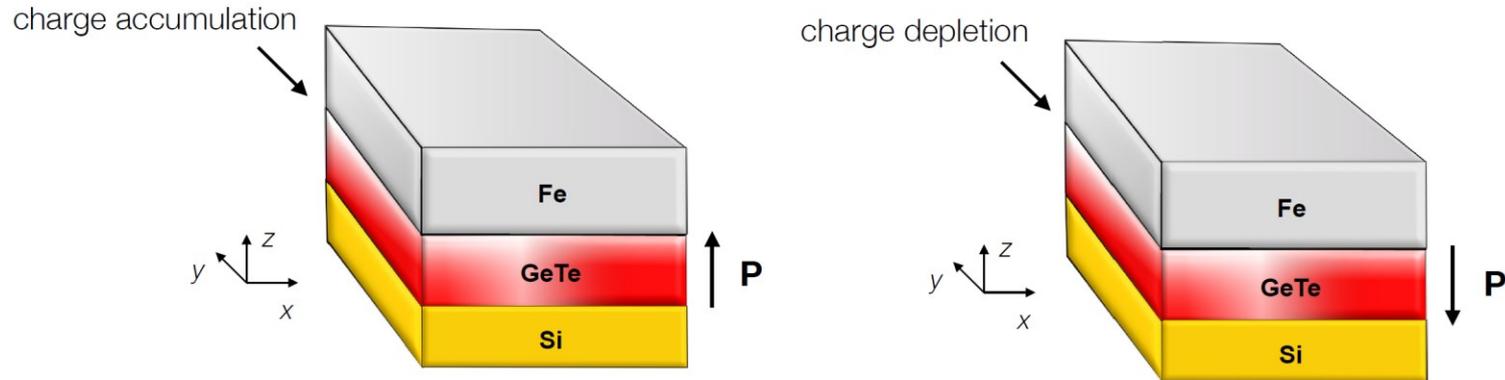
Calculated for bulk GeTe



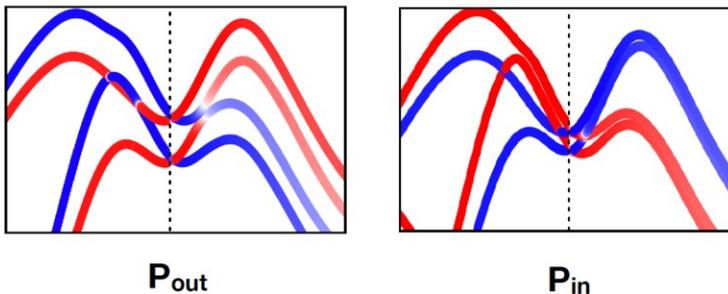
Calculated for GeTe slab



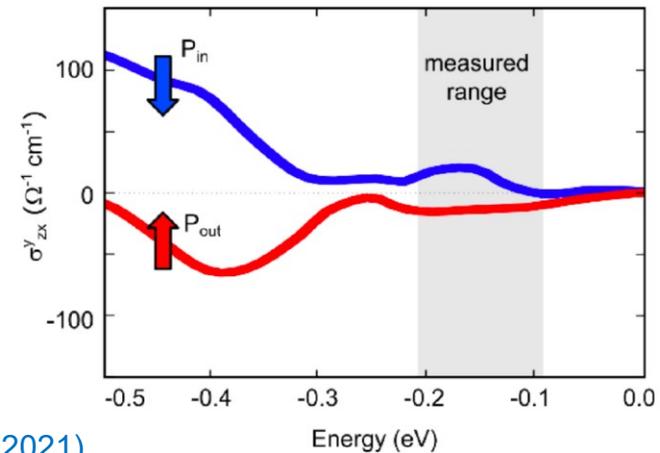
# Ferroelectric switching of spin-to-charge currents in GeTe



We extract matrix elements from PAO Hamiltonians of the slabs and create an artificial bulk



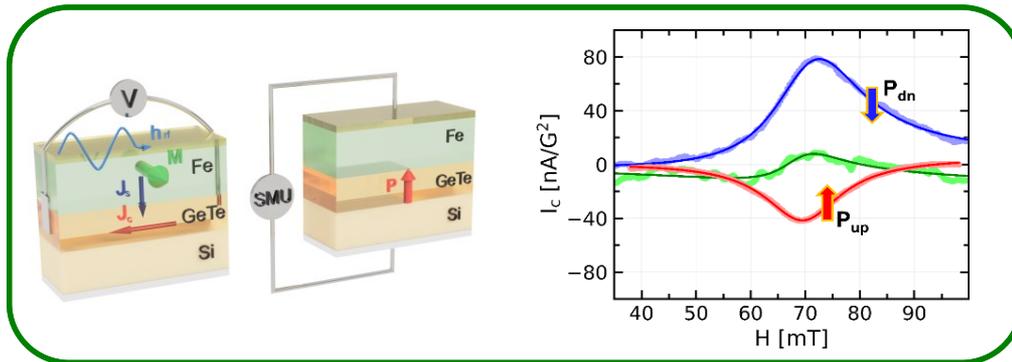
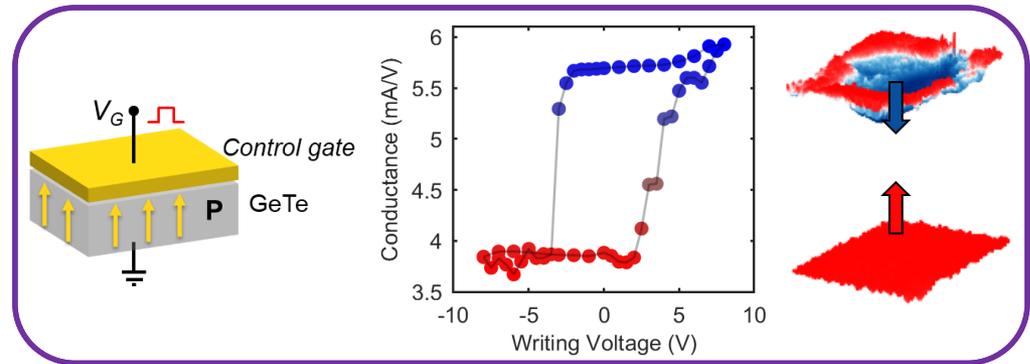
Calculated for GeTe slab



S. Varotto, JS, CR *et al.*, Nature Electronics **4**, 740–747 (2021)

# Summary about GeTe

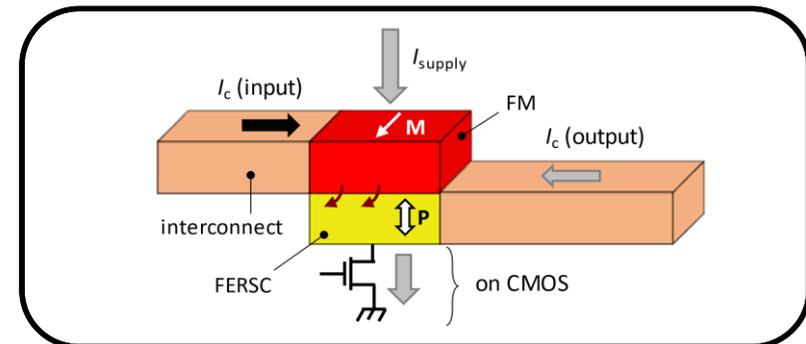
Ferroelectric switching of the semiconductor GeTe with gate



Ferroelectric control of room-temperature spin-charge conversion in GeTe

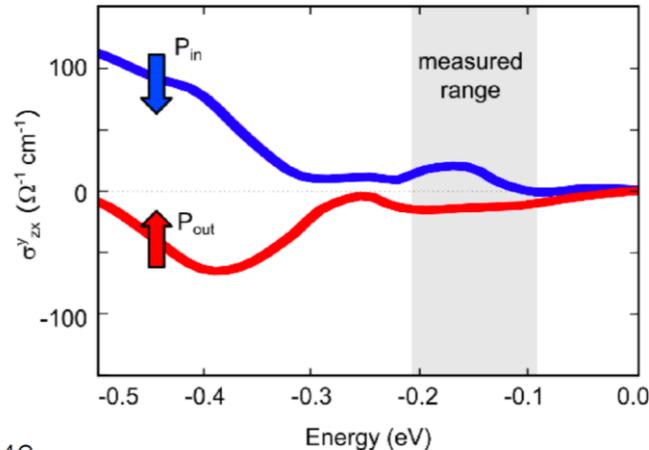
**Ferroelectric spin-orbit logic with Ferroelectric Rashba semiconductors**

S. Varotto, JS, CR *et al.*, *Nature Electronics* **4**, 740–747 (2021)



# What is the gap to fill in terms of materials?

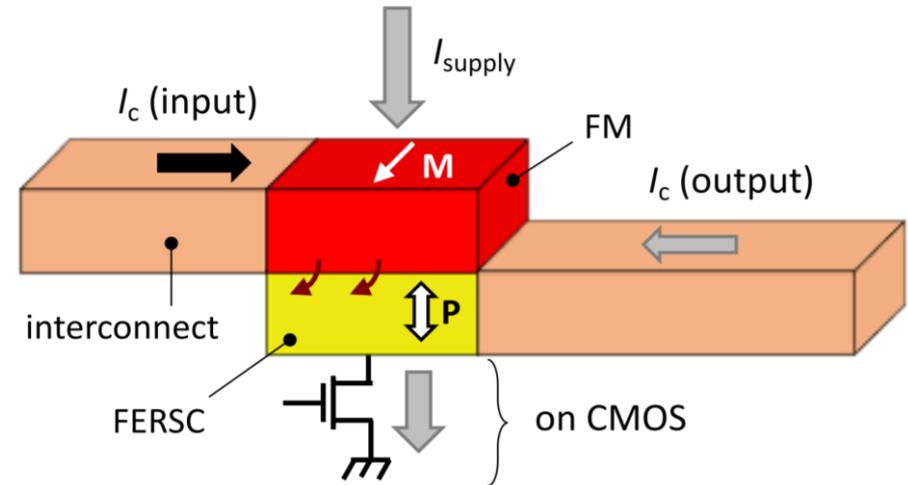
Calculated for GeTe slab



46



- Static nanomagnet, all electric
- Switching energy: < 10 fJ @ 50 nm
- Switching time: < 250 ns
- Potential for monolithic integrability of GeTe on Si



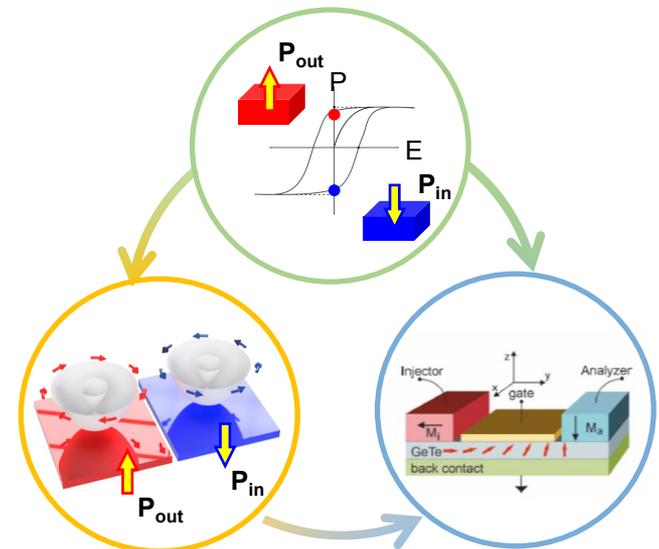
- **Relatively low spin-to-charge conversion efficiency** (a few %) in GeTe
- Conversion from bulk state only, surface states are hindered
- **Relatively large switching voltages**

S. Varotto, CR *et al.*, Nature Electronics 4, 740–747 (2021)

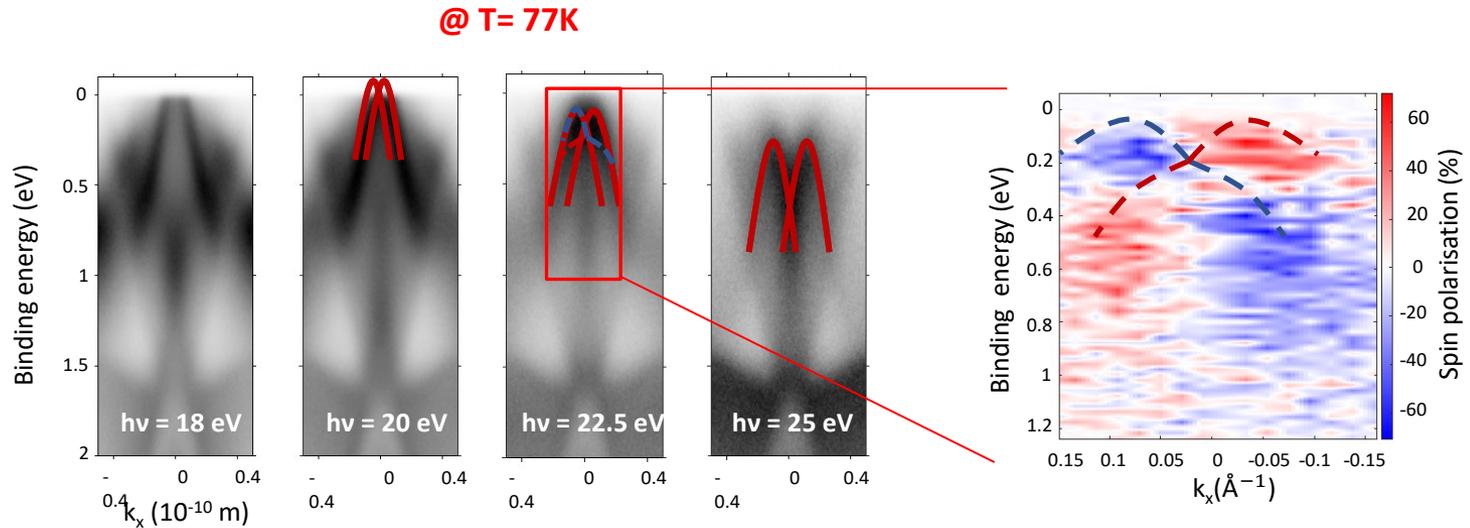
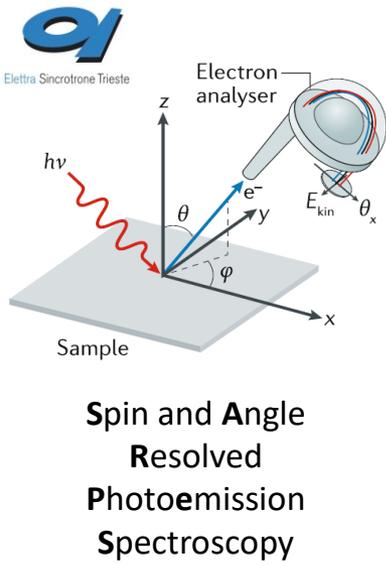
# Outline

- General aim
- Ferroelectric Rashba semiconductors
  - I. Rashba effect in GeTe
  - II. Gating of ferroelectricity in the semiconductor GeTe
  - III. Spin-charge interconversion in GeTe

- **Materials engineering**
- Conclusions and perspectives

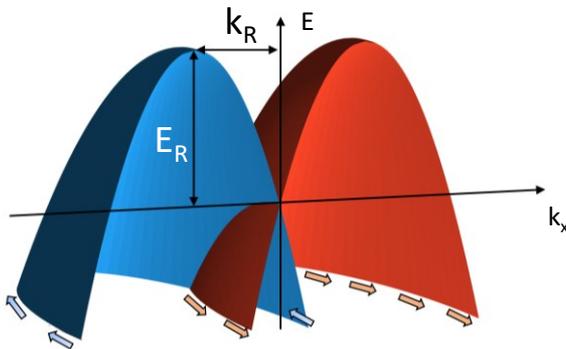
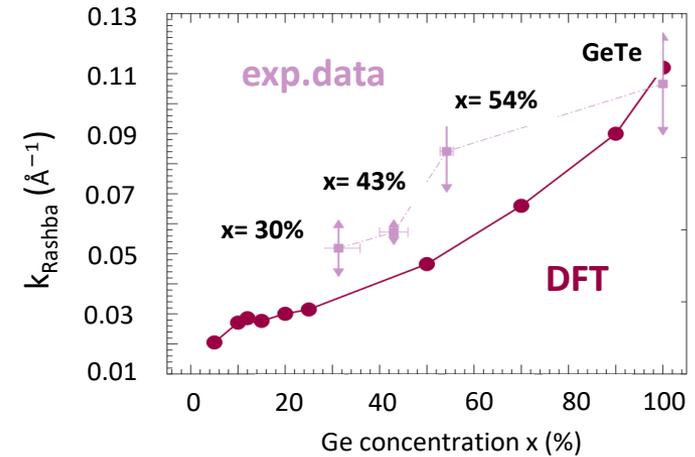
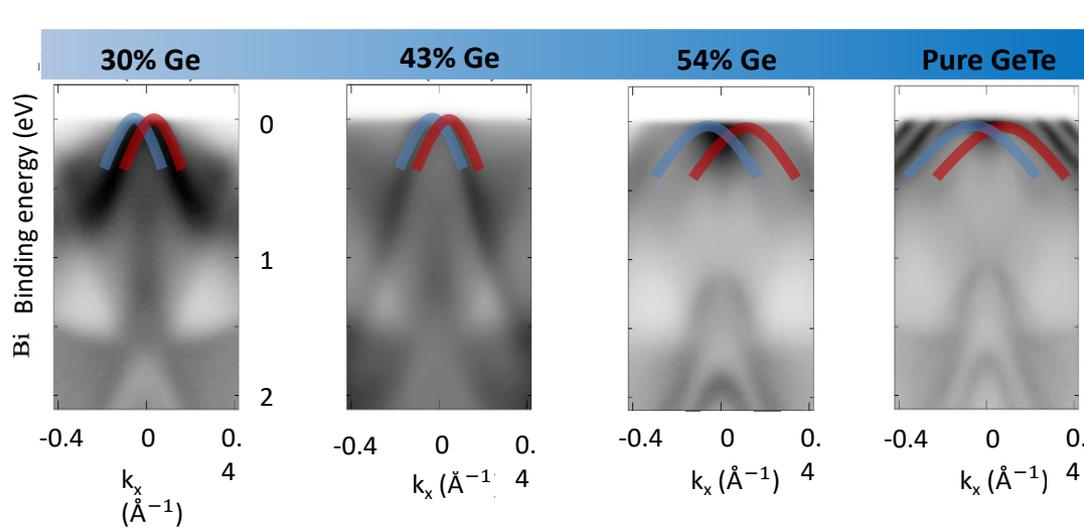


# Band dispersion in $\text{Ge}_{0.3}\text{Sn}_{0.7}\text{Te}$



Sn-rich  $\text{Ge}_{0.3}\text{Sn}_{0.7}\text{Te}$  shows bulk Rashba features at low temperature (77 K)

# Band dispersion versus composition

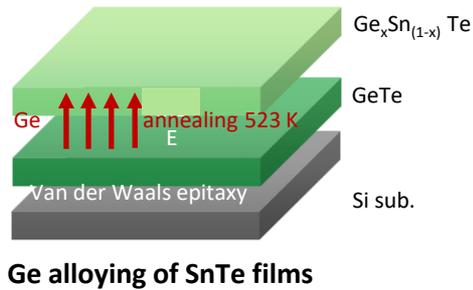


Tailoring Rashba features with concentrations, in good agreement with DFT calculation

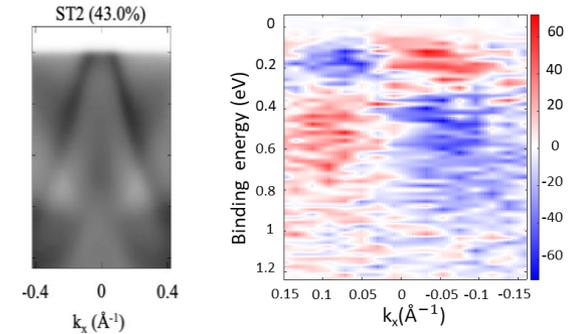
Manuscript in preparation

# Conclusions and perspectives

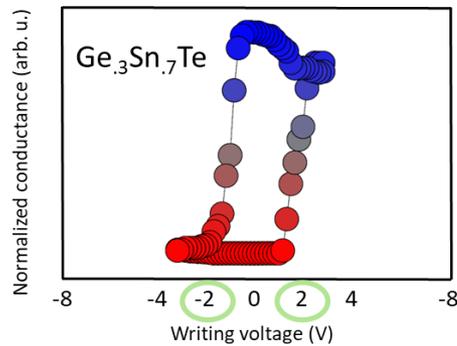
- ✓ Synthesis of epitaxial  $\text{Ge}_x\text{Sn}_{1-x}\text{Te}$



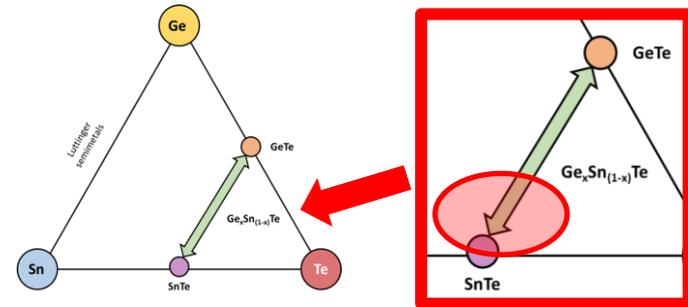
- ✓ Detection of giant Rashba effect in  $\text{Ge}_x\text{Sn}_{1-x}\text{Te}$



- ✓ Tailoring of  $T_C$  and  $E_C$  with the composition



- To do: investigation of the coexistence of Rashba and topological features (% Ge < 20%)



PRIN TWEET (2019-2022)



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Thanks for your  
kind attention



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